

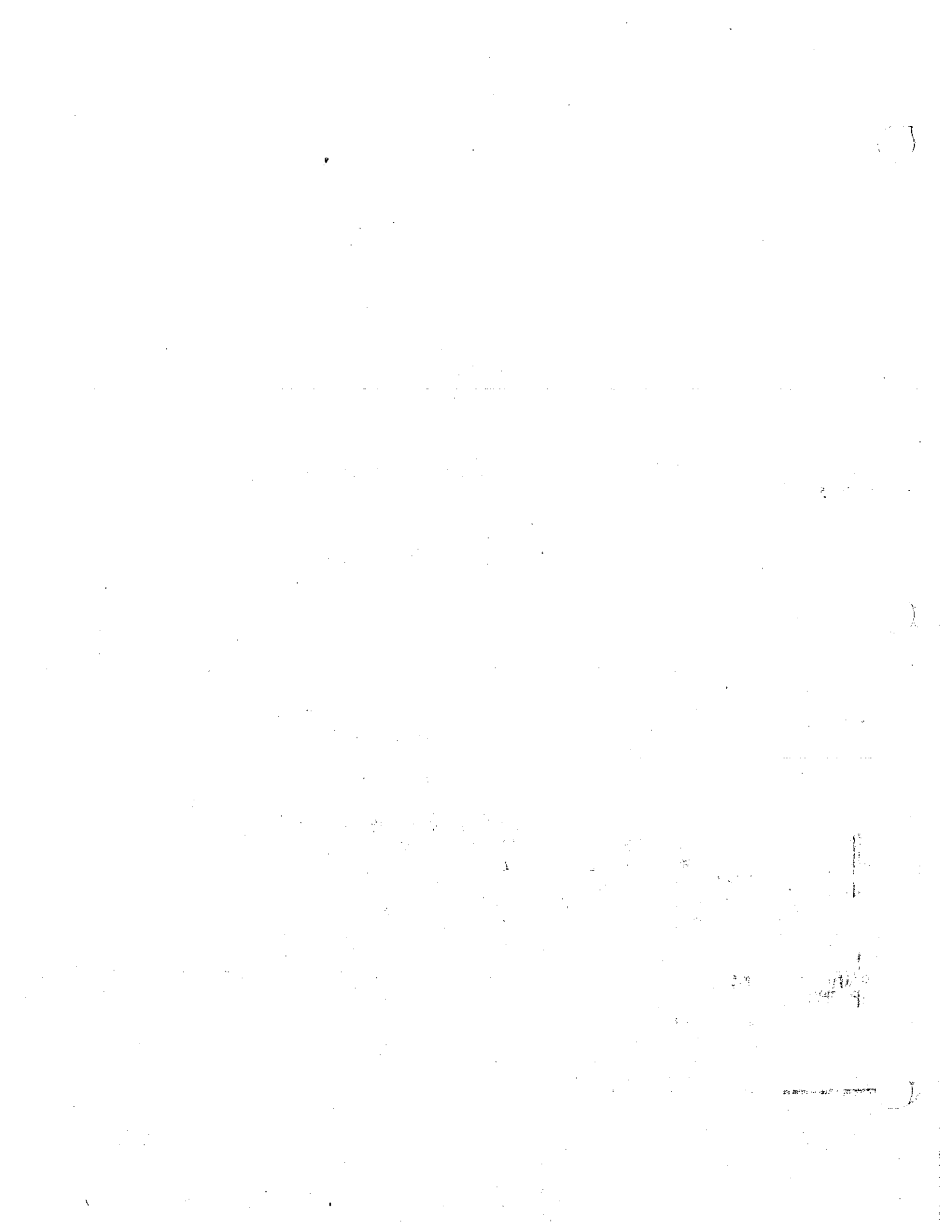
# ***NOTE***

***Pilot's Operating Manual Revision Only***

***This Is Not A Complete Manual***

Rev. 8 - 761 556 (PR900320) Dated March 20, 1990

This revision shall be inserted into the current PA-28-180 Cherokee Archer Pilot's Operating Manual, P/N 761 556, issued July 9, 1973.



**PILOT'S OPERATING MANUAL LOG OF REVISIONS (cont)**

Revision	Revised Pages	Description	Date
Rev. 3 (cont)	9-i 9-2 9-3 9-4 9-5 9-6 9-7 9-8 9-9 9-10 10-11	Revised Performance Charts Index. Revised Takeoff Chart. Revised Climb Chart. Revised Range Chart. Revised Engine Chart. Revised Airspeed Chart. Revised Stall Speed vs Weight Chart. Revised Stall Speed vs Angle of Bank Chart. Revised Glide Chart. Revised Landing Chart. Revised Battery Service.	
Rev. 4 - 761 556 (PR750120)	1-2 2-1 AF/M W/B 7-4 7-8 8-2 10-8	Added 0-360-A4M engine designation and footnote. Added 0-360-A4M engine designation and footnote. Added Rev. 3 to Report: VB-558. Added Rev. 4 to Report: VB-547. Added new item 9.; revised existing item nos. under TAKEOFF. Revised ELT info. Added item 11. Added 0-360-A4M engine designation under Oil Requirements.	Jan. 20, 1975
Rev. 5 - 761 556 (PR751121)	iii 1-1 1-2 2-1 AF/M W/B 8-1 9-4 9-6	Added concluding ser. no. to Applicability. Revised Cruise Speed and Range figures; revised Empty Weight and Useful Load; deleted footnote. Deleted footnote. Revised Airframe info; deleted footnote. Added Rev. 4 to Report: VB-558. Added Rev. 5 to Report: VB-547. Revised item 8 (Fuel Warning Tip). Revised Cruise Performance - Range chart. Revised Cruise Performance - True Airspeed chart.	Nov. 21, 1975
Rev. 6 - 761 556 (PR790326)	2-8 2-8a 2-14 W/B 7-2 7-8, 7-9	Added Warning. Added info. Added Caution. Added Rev. 6 to Report: VB-547. Revised items. Revised ELT info.	March 26, 1979

**PILOT'S OPERATING MANUAL LOG OF REVISIONS (cont)**

Revision	Revised Pages	Description	Date
Rev. 7 - 761 556 (PR840316)	1-2 2-16 AFM W/B 7-1 7-4 9-i 10-1 10-9 10-11 10-12, 10-13	Revised fuel and oil. Revised para. Added Rev. 5 to Report VB-558. Added Rev. 7 to Report VB-547. Added to preflight. Added to text info. Added Warning. Added to text info. Added text info. Revised para. Revised preventive maintenance info.	March 16, 1984
Rev. 8 - 761 556 (PR900320)	10-7 10-8  10-11, 10-12 10-13	Relocated info. from p. 10-8. Moved info. to p. 10-7. Revised para. Revised para.  Revised para.	March 20, 1990

## BRAKE SERVICE

The brake system is filled with MIL-H-5606 (petroleum base) hydraulic brake fluid. This should be checked at every 50 hour inspection and replenished when necessary by filling the brake reservoir on the firewall to the indicated level. If the entire system has to be refilled, it should be done by filling from the brake end of the system with fluid under pressure. This will eliminate air from the system.

No adjustment of brake clearances is necessary on the Cherokee. If after extended service the brake blocks become worn excessively, they are easily replaced with new segments.

## LANDING GEAR SERVICE

The three landing gears use Cleveland 6.00 x 6 wheels, the main gear wheels being provided with brake drums and Cleveland single disc hydraulic brake assemblies. All three wheels use 6.00 x 6, four-ply rating, Type III tires with tubes.

Main wheels are removed by taking off the wheel fairings, hub cap, axle nut, and the two bolts holding the brake segment into place. The wheel will slip easily from the axle.

Tires are removed from the wheels by first deflating the tire, then removing the through bolts, and separating the wheel halves.

Landing gear oleo struts should be checked for proper strut exposures and fluid leaks. The required extensions for the strut when under normal static load (empty weight of airplane plus full fuel and oil) are 3-1/4 inches for the nose gear and 4-1/2 inches for the main gear. Should the strut exposure be below that required, it should be determined whether air or oil is required by first raising the airplane on jacks. Depress the valve core to allow air to escape from the strut housing chamber. Remove the filler plug and slowly raise the strut to full compression. If the strut has sufficient fluid, it will be visible up to the bottom of the filler plug hole and will then require only proper inflation.

Should fluid be below the bottom of the filler plug hole, oil should be added. Replace the plug with valve core removed; attach a clear plastic hose to the valve stem of the filler plug and submerge the other end in a container of hydraulic fluid (MIL-H-5606). Fully compress and extend the strut several times, thus drawing fluid from the container and expelling air from the strut chamber. To allow fluid to enter the bottom chamber of the main gear strut housing, the torque link assembly must be disconnected to let the strut be extended a minimum of 10 inches (the nose gear torque links need not be disconnected). Do not allow the strut to extend more than 12 inches. When air bubbles cease to flow through the hose, compress the strut fully and again check fluid level. Reinstall the valve core and filler plug, and the main gear torque links, if disconnected.

With fluid in the strut housing at the correct level, attach a strut pump to the air valve and with the airplane on the ground, inflate the oleo strut to the correct height.

In jacking the Cherokee for landing gear service, a jack kit (available through the Piper Dealers and Distributors) should be used. This kit consists of two hydraulic jacks and a tail stand. At least 250 pounds of ballast should be placed on the tail stand before jacking the aircraft. The jacks should be placed under the jack points on the wing and the airplane jacked up until the tail skid is at the right height to attach the tail stand. After attaching the tail stand and adding ballast, jacking may be continued until the aircraft is at the height desired.

The steering arms from the rudder pedals to the nose wheel are adjusted at the rudder pedals or at the nose wheel by turning in or out the threaded rod end bearings. Adjustment is normally accomplished at the forward end of the rods and should be done in such a way that the nose wheel is in line with the fore and aft axis of the plane when the rudder pedals and rudder are centered. Alignment of the nose wheel can be checked by pushing the airplane back and forth with the rudder centered to determine that the plane follows a perfectly straight line. The turning arc of the nose wheel is 30 degrees in either direction and is factory adjusted at stops on the bottom of the forging.

The steering arm stops should be carefully adjusted so that the nose wheel reaches its full travel just after the rudder hits its stops. This guarantees that the rudder will be allowed to move through its full travel.

**PROPELLER SERVICE**

The spinner and backing plate should be cleaned and inspected frequently for cracks. The propeller should be inspected before each flight for nicks, scratches, and corrosion. If found, they should be taken care of as soon as possible by a rated mechanic, because nicks and scratches cause areas of increased stress which can cause serious damage or loss of a propeller tip. The back face of the blades should be painted when necessary with flat black paint to retard glare to the pilot's eyes. To prevent corrosion, the surface should be cleaned and waxed periodically.

**OIL REQUIREMENTS**

The oil capacity of the Lycoming O-320-A4A and O-360-A4M series engines is 8 quarts, and the minimum safe quantity is 2 quarts. It is recommended that engine oil be drained and renewed every 50 hours. The oil filter element should be changed every 50 hours of operation. The interval between oil and oil filter changes should not exceed a total of four months. Under unfavorable dusty conditions, the oil and oil filter should be changed more frequently. Should fuel other than the specified octane rating for the power plant be used, refer to the latest issue of Lycoming Service Letter No. L185 for additional information and recommended service procedures.

The following seasonal aviation oil grades and seasonal ambient temperature ranges are recommended:

Average Ambient Temperature	MIL-L-6082B Mineral SAE Grade	MIL-L-22851 Ashless Dispersant SAE Grades
All Temperatures	—	15W-50 or 20W-50
Above 80°F	60	60
Above 60°F	50	40 or 50
30°F to 90°F	40	40
0°F to 70°F	30	30, 40 or 20W-40
0°F to 90°F	20W-50	20W-50 or 15W-50
Below 10°F	20	30 or 20W-30

When operating temperatures overlap indicated ranges, use the lighter grade oil.

**NOTE**

Refer to the latest issue of Textron Lycoming Service Instruction 1014 (Lubricating Oil Recommendations) for further information.

**BATTERY SERVICE**

Access to the 12-volt battery is through the removal of the panel at the right rear side of the baggage compartment. The battery box has a plastic drain tube which should be opened occasionally to drain off any accumulation of liquid. Check the battery for proper fluid level. (Do not fill above the baffle plates.) Use only water - no acid. A hydrometer check should be performed to determine the percent of charge present in the battery.

If the battery is not up to charge, recharge starting at a 4 amp rate and finishing with a 2 amp rate. Quick charges are not recommended.

**FACTS YOU SHOULD KNOW**

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) occasionally publishes Airworthiness Directives (ADs) that apply to specific groups of aircraft. They are mandatory changes and are to be complied with within a time limit set by the FAA. When an AD is issued, it is sent by the FAA to the latest registered owner of the affected aircraft and also to subscribers of their service. Owners should periodically check with their Piper Service Center or Piper's Customer Services Department to see whether they have the latest AD against their airplane. The owner is solely responsible for keeping up with ADs.

Piper Aircraft Corporation takes a continuing interest in having owners get the most efficient use from their airplane and keeping it in the best mechanical condition. Consequently, Piper Aircraft, from time to time, issues service releases including Service Bulletins, Service Letters, Service Spares Letters, and others relating to the airplane.

Piper Service Bulletins are of special importance and Piper considers compliance mandatory. These are sent directly to the latest FAA-registered owners in the United States (U.S.) and Piper Service Centers worldwide. Depending on the nature of the release, material and labor allowances may apply. This information is provided to all authorized Piper Service Centers.

Service Letters deal with product improvements and servicing techniques pertaining to the airplane. They are sent to Piper Service Centers and, if necessary, to the latest FAA-registered owners in the U.S. Owners should give careful attention to Service Letter information.

Service Spares Letters offer improved parts, kits, and optional equipment which were not available originally, and which may be of interest to the owner.

Piper Aircraft Corporation offers a subscription service for Service Bulletins, Service Letters, and Service Spares Letters. This service is available to interested persons such as owners, pilots, and mechanics at a nominal fee, and may be obtained through an authorized Piper Service Center or Piper's Customer Services Department.

Service manuals, parts catalogs, and revisions to both, are available from Piper Service Centers or Piper's Customer Services Department. Any correspondence regarding the airplane should include the airplane model and serial number to ensure proper response.

Pilot's Operating Manual supplements are distributed by the manufacturer as necessary. These revisions and additions should be studied and put into the operating manual to keep it up to date. This manual contains important information about the operation of the aircraft and should be kept with the aircraft at all times, even after resale. Every owner, to avail themselves of the latest information concerning their airplane, should stay in close contact with an authorized Piper Service Center or Piper's Customer Services Department.

If the owner desires to have his aircraft modified, he must obtain FAA approval for the alteration. Major alterations accomplished in accordance with Advisory Circular 43.13-2, when performed by an A & P mechanic, may be approved by the local FAA office. Major alterations to the basic airframe or systems not covered by AC43.13-2 require a Supplemental Type Certificate.

The owner or pilot is required to ascertain that the following Aircraft Papers are in order and in the aircraft.

- a. To be displayed in the aircraft at all times:
  1. Aircraft Airworthiness Certificate Form FAA-1362B.
  2. Aircraft Registration Certificate Form FAA-500A.
  3. Aircraft Radio Station License FCC-404A, if transmitters are installed.
- b. To be carried on the aircraft at all times:
  - (1) Aircraft Flight Manual.
  - (2) Weight and Balance Data plus a copy of the latest Repair and Alteration Form FAA-337, if applicable.
  - (3) Aircraft equipment list.

Although the aircraft and engine logbooks are not required to be in the aircraft, they should be made available upon request. Logbooks should be complete and up to date. Good records will reduce maintenance cost by giving the mechanic information about what has or has not been accomplished.

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

The holder of a Pilot Certificate issued under FAR Part 61 may perform certain preventive maintenance described in FAR Part 43. This maintenance may be performed only on an aircraft which the pilot owns or operates and which is not used to carry persons or property for hire, except as provided in applicable FAR's. Although such maintenance is allowed by law, each individual should make a self-analysis as to whether he has the ability to perform the work.

All other maintenance required on the airplane should be accomplished by appropriately licensed personnel.

If maintenance is accomplished, an entry must be made in the appropriate logbook. The entry should contain:

- (a) The date the work was accomplished.
- (b) Description of the work.
- (c) Number of hours on the aircraft.
- (d) The certificate number of pilot performing the work.
- (e) Signature of the individual doing the work.



**REQUIRED SERVICE AND INSPECTION PERIODS**

The Owner Service Agreement which the owner receives upon delivery of the aircraft should be kept in the aircraft at all times. This identifies him to authorized Piper dealers and entitles the owner to receive service in accordance with the regular service agreement terms. This agreement also entitles the transient owner full warranty by any Piper dealer in the world.

Piper Aircraft Corporation has developed inspection items and required inspection intervals for the PA-28 (see PA-28 Service and Inspection Manuals). The PA-28 Inspection Manual contains appropriate forms, and all inspection procedures should be complied with by a properly trained, knowledgeable, and qualified mechanic at an authorized Piper Service Center or a reputable repair shop. Piper Aircraft Corporation cannot accept responsibility for the continued airworthiness of any aircraft not maintained to these standards, and/or not brought into compliance with applicable Service Bulletins issued by Piper Aircraft Corporation, instructions issued by the engine, propeller, or accessory manufacturers, or Airworthiness Directives issued by the FAA.

A Programmed Inspection, approved by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), is also available to the owner. This involves routine and detailed inspections to allow maximum utilization of the airplane. Maintenance inspection costs are reduced, and the maximum standard of continued airworthiness is maintained. Complete details are available from Piper Aircraft Corporation.

In addition, but in conjunction with the above, the FAA requires periodic inspections on all aircraft to keep the Airworthiness Certificate in effect. The owner is responsible for assuring compliance with these inspection requirements and for maintaining proper documentation in logbooks and/or maintenance records.

A spectrographic analysis of the engine oil is available from several sources. This inspection, if performed properly, provides a good check of the internal condition of the engine. To be accurate, induction air filters must be cleaned or changed regularly, and oil samples must be taken and sent in at regular intervals.

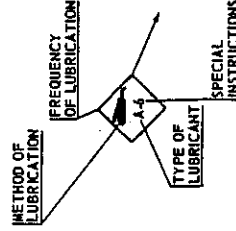
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS (cont)

8. STABILATOR TRIM PULLEYS - LUBRICATION MAY BE EXTENDED TO 250 HOURS WHEN DUSTY CONDITIONS ARE AT A MINIMUM.
  9. AILERON HINGES WITH TEFLON SLEEVES SHOULD NOT BE LUBRICATED. AILERON HINGES WITHOUT TEFLON SLEEVES SHOULD FIRST BE CLEANED WITH A DRY TYPE SOLVENT THEN LUBRICATED WITH MIL-L-7870 LUBRICATING OIL.
  10. THIS TRANSMISSION TO BE 1/2 FULL OF GREASE. APPLY GREASE DURING ASSEMBLY AND LUBRICATE TRANSMISSION BALL NUT AND SCREW WITH MIL-G-23827 GREASE.
- NOTES**
1. PILOT AND PASSENGER SEATS - LUBRICATE TRACK ROLLERS AND STOP PINS AS REQUIRED.
  2. WHEEL BEARINGS REQUIRE CLEANING AND REPACKING AFTER EXPOSURE TO AN ABNORMAL QUANTITY OF WATER.
  3. FUEL SELECTOR VALVE - LUBRICATE FUEL SELECTOR VALVE AS REQUIRED, REFER TO PIPER SERVICE LETTER NO. 351.
  4. SEE LYCOMING SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS NO. 1014 FOR USE OF DETERGENT OIL.

**CAUTIONS**

1. DO NOT USE HYDRAULIC FLUID WITH A CASTOR OIL OR ESTER BASE.
2. DO NOT OVER-LUBRICATE COCKPIT CONTROLS.
3. DO NOT APPLY LUBRICANT TO RUBBER PARTS.

**EXAMPLE**



**TYPE OF LUBRICANT**

**PREFERRED PRODUCT AND VENDOR**

**SPECIFICATION**

**LUBRICANT**

**IDENTIFICATION LETTER**

IDENTIFICATION LETTER	LUBRICANT	SPECIFICATION	PREFERRED PRODUCT AND VENDOR
A	LUBRICATING OIL, GENERAL PURPOSE, LOW TEMP.	MIL-L-7870	
B	LUBRICATING OIL, AIRCRAFT RECIPROCATING ENGINE (PISTON) GRADE AS SPECIFIED SAE 60 ABOVE 60°F AIR TEMP. SAE 40 30° TO 60°F AIR TEMP. SAE 30 0° TO 30°F AIR TEMP. SAE 20 BELOW 10°F AIR TEMP.	MIL-L-8082	
C	HYDRAULIC FLUID, PETROLEUM BASE	MIL-H-6606	
D	GREASE, AIRCRAFT AND INSTRUMENT, GEAR AND ACTUATOR SCREW	MIL-G-23827	
E	GREASE, AIRCRAFT, HIGH TEMP.		TEXACO MAKEUP ALL PURPOSE GREASE, MOBIL GREASE 7 (OR MOBILUX EP2), SHELL ALVANIA EP GREASE 2
F	PARKER "O" RING LUBRICANT		FISKE BROS. REFINING CO.
G	AERO LUBRIPLATE		
H	FLUOROCARBON RELEASE AGENT DRY LUBRICANT	*MS-122	
I	GEN. PURPOSE AIRCRAFT GREASE - LUBRICATION	MIL-G-7711	

**SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS**

1. AIR FILTER - TO CLEAN FILTER, TAP GENTLY TO REMOVE DIRT PARTICLES. DO NOT BLOW OUT WITH COMPRESSED AIR OR USE OIL. REPLACE FILTER IF PUNCTURED OR DAMAGED.
2. BEARINGS AND BUSHINGS - CLEAN EXTERIOR WITH A DRY TYPE SOLVENT BEFORE LUBRICATING.
3. WHEEL BEARINGS - DISASSEMBLE AND CLEAN WITH A DRY TYPE SOLVENT. ASCERTAIN THAT GREASE IS PACKED BETWEEN THE BEARING ROLLER AND CONE. DO NOT PACK GREASE IN WHEEL HOUSING.
4. OLEO STRUTS AND BRAKE RESERVOIR - FILL PER INSTRUCTIONS ON UNIT OR CONTAINER, OR REFER TO SERVICE MANUAL SECTION II.
5. "O" RING, CONTROL SHAFT BUSHING WITH 1.125 INCH SHAFT ONLY - DISASSEMBLE "O" RING RETAINER PLATES FROM INSTRUMENT PANEL, LUBRICATE "O" RING AND REASSEMBLE.
6. LUBRICATION POINTS - WIPE ALL LUBRICATION POINTS CLEAN OF OLD GREASE, OIL, DIRT, ETC. BEFORE LUBRICATING.
7. INTERVALS BETWEEN OIL CHANGES CAN BE INCREASED AS MUCH AS 100% ON ENGINES EQUIPPED WITH FULL FLOW (CARTRIDGE TYPE) OIL FILTERS - PROVIDED THE ELEMENT IS REPLACED EACH 50 HOURS OF OPERATION.

Lubrication Nomenclature